

COMMERCE AND INDUSTRIES SECRETARIAT

Annual Administration Report of the Department of Industries & Commerce for the year 1965-66 Review. —

READ —

Letter No. QDN/Misc./170/68-69 dated 21st June 1968 from the Joint Director of the Industries and Commerce (Administration) forwarding the Annual Administration Report of the Department of Industries and Commerce for the year 1965-66 for review.

ORDER No. CI 17 DMI 67, BANGALORE, DATED THE 28TH FEBRUARY 1969.

Recorded.

Registration of Small Scale Industries:—All Units whose investment on plant and machinery only, is less than 7½ lakhs are being registered and necessary registration certificates are issued. The main purpose of registration is to have statistical data from the registered units. During the year under report 1,071 units were registered in the Directorate of Industries and Commerce as against 501 units registered during 1964-65. Besides, Tariff Commission Enquiries received were also attended to. The most Important of the enquiries during this period were those relating to protection to Automobile Spark Plug Industry, Power and Distribution of Transformers Industry, Electric Motor Industry, Automobile Industry and protection to Non-Ferrous Industry.

State Aid to Industries Act.—During the year under report a sum of Rs. 5 lakhs was provided in the budget for advancing loans under Mysore State Aid to Industries Act, 1959. Loans to an extent of Rs. 2,03,767 were disbursed in 44 cases. The recovery effected during the year was Rs. 1,36,752.

Mahila Samajas.—210 Home Industries (Mahila Samajas) and other Social Welfare Organisations in different parts of the State were given maintenance, equipment and building grants to an extent of Rs. 2,16, 699 during 1965-66.

Nearly three thousand ladies are being trained annually in crafts *viz.* Tailoring, Doll Making, Mat Weaving, Cloth Weaving, Printing, Rattan, Embroidary, Zari work Knitting and Fruit Preservation etc.

Small Scale Industries.—A sum of Rs. 14 lakhs was provided for the implementation of the following Small Scale Industries Scheme and an expenditure of Rs. 10 lakhs was incurred.—

1. Model Carpentry and Smithy Centres,
2. Leather Common Facility Centres.
3. Strengthening the staff of the Joint Director, S.S.I. Office.
4. Small Scale Industries in C. D. and N. E. S. areas.
5. Bicycle Assembly Unit.
6. Pottery Centre, Madikebeedu
7. Craft Co-operative Societies
8. Loans to Small Scale Industries
9. Raw Material depot.
10. Grant-in-aid to Mysore Small Industries Corporation.
11. Manufacture of Roofing Tiles at Bagepalli.

Hire Purchase Scheme.—Two hundred and Nineteen Hire purchase applications were recommended to the National Small Scale Industries Corporation, New Delhi for supply of machinery to the Small Scale Industries Units in the State.

Power Supply.—Consequent on the inauguration of Sharavathy Valley Project the power supply in the State has become abundant. Small Scale Industries Units have no problem or difficulty in getting power supply from the State Electricity Board.

Allocation of Raw Materials —The State was allotted Rs. 10.28 lakhs of foreign exchange ceiling towards distribution of various kinds of raw materials to Small Scale Industrial Units, excluding Iron and Steel materials and non-ferrous metals. This ceiling was distributed among 1457 import applications. The allocation of Iron and Steel materials including stainless steel non-ferrous metals during the years was as follows:—

1965-66.	No. of Units	Quantity allotted.
1. Non-ferrous metals like Copper, Tin, Lead, Nickel, Aluminium.	260	590.3 Mts.
2. Iron and Steel Items including stainless steel.	85	15.00 lakhs
3. Pig Iron	147	6000.00 M. Tonne
4. Coal and Coke	199	7837.00 do
5. Campher	120	3480.00 Kgs.

Due to meagre allocation of foreign exchange to the State full requirements of the Units could not be met with. Further, due to the proclamation of Scarce Industrial Material Control Order, even the allocation of non-ferrous metals to the State was not released in full by the Centre. However, the Control on Pig Iron, Camphor and some varieties of Coal, Coke were lifted and units were free to obtain their requirements from the open market.

Handlooms.—There were 1,25,400 handlooms in the State. The actual number of looms that have been brought under Co-operative fold and position in respect of Cotton, Woollen, and silk Handlooms in the State was as follows:—

1. Cotton	1,01,500
2. Woollen	16,000
3. Silk	7,900
Total	1,25,400

The scheme of registration of handlooms was discontinued during the year, as the Cotton Textile (Production by Handlooms) Control Order was repealed by the Government of India. Steps were taken to bring the remaining handlooms into Co-operative fold. The total fabrics produced during the year was 44.301 million yards both within and outside the co-operative fold. Rs. 89 lakhs worth of handlooms fabrics both silk and Art Silk was exported to foreign countries.

A total sum of Rs. 17.38 lakhs was provided for the implementation of the following Handloom Development Schemes during the year. As against this a sum of Rs. 17,659 lakhs was actually spent.

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| 1. Rebate Scheme | 9. Appointment of Special Audit Staff. |
| 2. Sales Reports | 10. Training of Employees of Apex Society |
| 3. R. B. I. Scheme | 11. Subsidy towards interest on Loan |
| 4. Organisation Expenses | 12. Training Wool Weavers |
| 5. Housing Colonies of Cotton, Silk and Wool | 13. Participation of share capital in Industrial Banks |
| 6. Woollen Depots | 14. Co-operative Spinning Mills. |
| 7. Publicity and Propaganda | |
| 8. Training of Weavers (Cotton). | |

Power Looms.—Government of India allotted 2000 powerlooms to the State to be allotted in the Co-operative Sector. These looms were allotted to 216 Cotton Handloom Weavers Co-operative Societies in the State in accordance with the principles and pattern of assistance laid down by the Government of India. Out of these 2000 Powerlooms allotted to the Societies, 1,805 powerlooms were assembled and out of them 1,396 commissioned. A sum of Rs. 76.15 lakhs was spent for the implementation of the Scheme. The entire expenditure would be met by the Centre.

Handicrafts.—A sum of Rs. 1.80 lakhs was provided for the development of Handicrafts during the year and a sum of Rs. 1.20 lakhs was spent. The following are the schemes implemented during the year.

1. Development of Handicrafts through Industrial Co-operatives.
2. Assistance to newly organised Handicraft Societies
3. Training Centres
4. Training Schemes in Advanced Techniques
5. Quality marking
6. Handicrafts week
7. Common Facility Centre at Bentwal, S.K.

Rural Industries Project.—The Rural Industries Project, Dharwar and Tumkur continued their development programmes and a new project was sanctioned covering the revenue taluks of Shimoga and Bhadravathi with Bhadravathi as Headquarters. The development schemes undertaken in these areas are on All India Pattern covering training programme for artisans, Study Tour, Common Facility Centres, Commercial Schemes and loans to Industrial Units. Each Project has Project Level Committee to advise the Organisation and at State Level, a State Level Committee. All these three projects have completed Industrial Survey of their Areas. The following are the Budget provision and expenditure on the three projects.

	<i>Budget.</i> (Rs. in lakhs.)	<i>Expenditure.</i> (Rs. in lakhs)
Tumkur	5.81	4.74
Dharwar	5.86	5.64
Bhadravathi	1.45	1.01

Both Government Industrial Concerns and the Government Aided Industries have shown improvement.

Shri T. Shamanna, I. A. S., continued to be the Director of Industries and Commerce during the year and the work of the Department of Industries and Commerce was on the whole satisfactory during the year.

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore,

M. D. SHIVANANJAPPA,

Secretary to Government,

Commerce and Industries Department.